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NOT PRECEDENTIAL

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS
FOR THE THIRD CIRCUIT

No. 07-3279

BAMBANG APRILANTO,
Petitioner

v.

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES

On Petition for Review of an Order of the
Board of Immigration Appeals
(Agency No. A96-204-391)
Immigration Judge: Honorable Charles M. Honeyman

Submitted Pursuant to Third Circuit LAR 34.1(a)
April 23, 2008
Before: MCKEE, NYGAARD and ROTH, Circuit Judges

Opinion filed: May 16, 2008

OPINION

PER CURIAM

Bambang Aprilanto petitions for review of a final order of removal issued by the Board of Immigration Appeals (“BIA”). For the reasons that follow, we will deny the

petition.

Petitioner, a Christian and native and citizen of Indonesia, entered the United States on October 26, 2000, as a B-2 non-immigrant visitor and was authorized to remain temporarily within the United States until November 25, 2000. On July 21, 2003, Petitioner was issued a Notice to Appear, which alleged that he was in the country without authorization. In response, he applied for asylum, withholding of removal, relief under the Convention Against Torture (“CAT”), and voluntary departure.

In denying his claims on March 24, 2006, the Immigration Judge (“IJ”) concluded that Petitioner’s asylum application was untimely and that Petitioner had neither demonstrated that he had suffered past persecution nor that he had a well-founded fear of future persecution. The IJ further found that Petitioner had not satisfied the requirements for withholding of removal pursuant to § 241(b)(3)(A) or under the CAT. The IJ granted his application for voluntary departure. On June 28, 2007, the Board of Immigration Appeals (“BIA”) affirmed the IJ’s decision.

We have jurisdiction to review the final order of removal. 8 U.S.C. § 1252(a)(1). Because the BIA issued a decision on the merits, we review only the BIA’s, not the IJ’s, decision. Gao v. Ashcroft, 299 F.3d 266, 271 (3d Cir. 2002). We will sustain the BIA’s determinations if they are supported by substantial evidence in the record. Adbille v. Ashcroft, 242 F.3d 477, 483 (3d Cir. 2001). Under the substantial evidence standard, we will uphold the determinations of the BIA “unless the evidence not only supports a

contrary conclusion, but compels it.” Id. at 483-84.

Petitioner, in his brief, states that the sole issue before this Court is “the IJ’s adverse credibility determination.” (Petr.’s Br. 10.) As stated, we review only the BIA’s, not the IJ’s decision. See Gao, 299 F.3d at 271. It is clear that the BIA’s decision, which repeatedly referred to and cited Petitioner’s testimony, was a decision on the merits without reference to the adverse credibility of the Petitioner. Because Petitioner’s brief to this Court makes no mention of the BIA’s decision on the merits, and refers solely to the IJ’s opinion, he has waived appellate review of the BIA’s decision. See e.g., In re Surrick 338 F.3d 224, 237 (3d Cir. 2003) (holding that the “failure to identify or argue [an] issue in [Petitioner’s] opening brief constitutes waiver of [the] argument on appeal.”).

For the foregoing reasons, we will deny Petitioner’s petition for review.